

Christology *The Person of Jesus Christ*

Christology: The study of _____ in who He _____ and what He has _____.

Hypostatic Union: Jesus is _____ God and _____ man. He is one in _____ (one person) and two in _____ (divinity and humanity).

Jesus' Two Natures:

Divine Nature: Jesus is truly _____.

What does the Bible say?

1. Jesus is called _____ (Jn 1:1; Jn 1:18; Rom 9:5; Heb 1:18).
2. Jesus is called _____ (Lk 2:11; Rev 19:16).
3. Jesus is called the _____ (Jn 3:16-17; Matt 16:15-17).
4. Jesus had _____ that only God would have (Jn 1:1-18; Jn 8:58; Matt 26:64; Rev 22:13).
5. Jesus is the _____ of _____ (Col 1:19, 2:9).
6. Jesus has _____ that only God could have (Jn 1:1; Matt 28:18; Jn 8:26; Matt 26:20; Matt 28:20).
7. Jesus is credited with doing things that only God can do (Col 1:17-18; Mk 2:5-12; Jn 5:21-22).

Heresies Regarding with Christ's Divinity:

- "_____ a _____": The incarnation was just a myth designed to help us understand profound ideas.
- _____: Jesus was created and was not the same essence as the Father.
- _____: Jesus was a special prophet and because Jesus fulfilled the Law, He was declared the anointed one, but not God.
- Kenoticism: Jesus emptied Himself of divine attributes when He became human.

Necessity of Christ's Divinity:

1. Only someone who is _____ is able to save us.
2. Salvation is from the _____.
3. Only someone who is _____ God can be the mediator between God and man.

If Jesus is not God, then there is _____ salvation.

Human Nature: Jesus is truly _____.

If we emphasize His divinity and not His humanity, we belittle the gospel.

What does the Bible say?

1. Jesus has a human _____ and was human from _____ (Lk 2:6-7; Gal 4:4).

2. His body _____ and _____ (Lk 2:52).
3. He had _____ needs (Matt 4:2, 21:18; Jn 19:28).
4. He experienced _____ and _____ (Matt 27:27).
5. He _____ (Matt 27:50; Lk 23:46; Jn 19:30).
6. He had a human _____ (Lk 2:52; Matt 24:6).
7. Jesus experienced genuine human _____ (Jn 11:35; Jn 15:11; Mk 10:13-14; Jn 13:21).
8. Jesus had a human _____ (Matt 26:39).

Heresies Regarding Christ's Humanity:

- _____: Jesus was not actually human but just appeared to be human.
- _____: Jesus had an actual human body but did not have an actual human mind and spirit.

Necessity of Christ's Humanity:

1. If God wanted to _____ us, the incarnation is necessary.
2. Jesus had to live a perfect life to do what we could never do, so on the cross, Jesus takes our _____ and gives us His _____.
3. Jesus had to pay the penalty we deserve to pay for our sin: _____.
4. He uniquely _____ for us what it is to live a life pleasing to God.
5. In the flesh and as the God-man, Jesus serves as the perfect _____ for us.
6. In the flesh, He is able to _____ with us in every temptation and sorrow.

Hypostatic Union: Although it is a super-rational mystery, we believe, based off what the Scriptures teach that Jesus is _____ and _____. He is _____ God and _____ man.

Sinlessness of Christ: Jesus is _____ sin (Jn 8:29; Heb 4:15; 1 Pet 3:22; 2 Cor 5:21).

Virgin Birth: The virgin birth is necessary to orthodox Christianity. We affirm that Jesus was conceived and born of the virgin _____ (Lk 1:35; Matt 1:20).