

Pneumatology
The Study of the Holy Spirit

Άγιος: Holy. Πνεύμα: Spirit / Wind / Breath.

Who the Holy Spirit is:

- He is a _____, not a _____ (Jn 14:26).
- The Holy Spirit is the _____ person of the Trinity (Matt 28:19).
- He is a _____ (Jn 14:26).
- He is our _____.
- He is our _____.
- He is the means by which we connect with the Father.
- He has a _____ and a _____ (Jn 15:26).
- He is truly _____ (Matt 28:19).
- He has all the attributes of God.
 - _____ (Heb 9:13-14).
 - _____.
 - _____ (1 Cor 3:16).
 - _____ (Ps 139:7-8).
 - _____ (1 Jn 5:6).

What the Holy Spirit does:

“The Spirit carries out the Divine will in the world and brings it to completion, with special reference to speaking, applying salvation, sanctification, and glorifying and indwelling His people” (Greg Allison).

- He _____ God (Jn 1:33).
- He _____ and guides us (Eph 1:17-19).
- _____ (Jn 3; Titus 3:5-7).
- _____ us of sin.
- He _____ us (Eph 1:13-14).
- He _____ us (Rom 8:16).
- He makes us _____ (1 Pet 1:1-2).
- He _____ and _____ us for ministry (1 Cor 12).

What we are not to do:

1. We are not to _____ the Spirit (Eph 4:30).
2. We are not to _____ the Spirit (Heb 4:7).
3. We are not to _____ the Spirit (Matt 12).

What we are to do:

1. Be _____ with the Spirit (Eph 5:18).
2. Walk in _____ with the Spirit (Gal 5).
3. _____ in the Spirit (Eph 5:18-21).

Reflection Questions:

How often (and in what ways) do we ignore or downplay the Holy Spirit?

In what ways has the church abused the name of the Holy Spirit?

What steps can you take to walk in step with the Holy Spirit?