



Nasagiweya Historical Society Newsletter

## Between the waters

*The township was surveyed in 1819, its name derived from the Mississauga word nazhesahgewayyong, meaning 'river with two outlets.' This refers to the fact that watercourses in the township drain to both Lake Ontario and the Grand River system.*

2025  
Volume 13 Issue 1

### Our Mission:

- To research, collect, document and preserve information of the pioneers of Nassagaweya.
- To share our knowledge with all who are interested - present and future.



Courtesy of McLaren Brown]  
Photo taken from present day 139 Campbell Ave West]  
1945 New Ford car in Ed Mahon's driveway

## McLaren Farm Campbellville

Lot 5 East Concession 3 E  
South side of Campbell Avenue West

**NASAGIWEYA  
HISTORICAL SOCIETY**

ARCHIVES LOCATION:  
9267 GUELPH LINE, CAMPBELLVILLE

MAILING ADDRESS:  
PO BOX 106  
CAMPBELLVILLE, ON L0P 1B0

**All general meetings take place at  
Nassagaweya Presbyterian Church  
Fellowship Hall ,  
3097—15th Sideroad Nassagaweya  
(east of Guelph Line)  
starting at 7:30 p.m.**

## NHS Schedule of Events

**2025**

January and February  
(No meetings)

March 18th, 2025—6:00 p.m.  
Irish Stew Dinner  
\$15.single \$25.couple

April 8th, 2025—7: 30 p.m.  
Annual Meeting

May 11th, 2025—7:30 p.m.  
Alan Ackman,  
Nassagaweya's Famous Animator

June 2025—  
Cemetery Visit  
(To be planned and confirmed)

July and August (No meetings)

September 9th, 2025  
Picnic/BBQ

October 14th, 2025—7:30 p.m.  
TBD

November 11th, 2025—7:30 p.m.  
History of Nurses during War

December 9th, 2025—6:00 p.m.  
Christmas Potluck

### From the Archives.....

This past year we have had several requests for research. This also includes request from the Town of Milton for history of properties in Nassagaweya for designation purposes as well as researching properties for our own NHS plaquing program.

**If any one is interested in volunteering some time at the archives it would be very much appreciated.**

Projects:

Shoebox Memories Book  
2026 Calendar featuring NHS plaques/residences  
2nd Volume or amendment to original publication North of the 15th

Ongoing: Files and Resource books to keep filed in an organized manner

Please contact Audrey at 519 837-9288 or [allisonaudrey0@gmail.com](mailto:allisonaudrey0@gmail.com)

### *At the Archives...*

We have many different types of information within the Nassagaweya Archives, that may be of interest to you.

What do we have?

**Family files** – we have over 100 files of early settlers and decedents in Nassagaweya Township, some with genealogical information.

**Land and Property files** – we have records for most lots on each of the seven concessions within Nassagaweya Township, including some of the land transactions. (this is ongoing)

**Maps** – we have many maps of the Township dating back to the early surveys of 1819, the Tremaine map of 1858, the 1877 as well as some of those from surrounding areas.

**Church, School, Community historical information** – we have local histories for each of the hamlets within the Township, including photos.

**Municipal Records** – we have the 1842 census for Nassagaweya, collector's rolls from 1882 and voting lists from the early 1900's, minutes and bylaws for the Township and listing of various elected officials.

**Newspaper records** – we have decades of physical copies of the Nassagaweya News as well as a full complement of the ShoeBox memories printed in the Halton Compass.

**Resource/Research books** — Other communities, how to books to help with genealogy, Index of Census, topics of interest

**Ontario History, the Ontario Historical Society Journal** – we have over 35 back issues of the Journal, all containing information gems from across the Province. Each volume has several Short Stories of history in Ontario.

### **Local History Books**

– we have many of the local history books available for viewing, as well as many that are for sale.

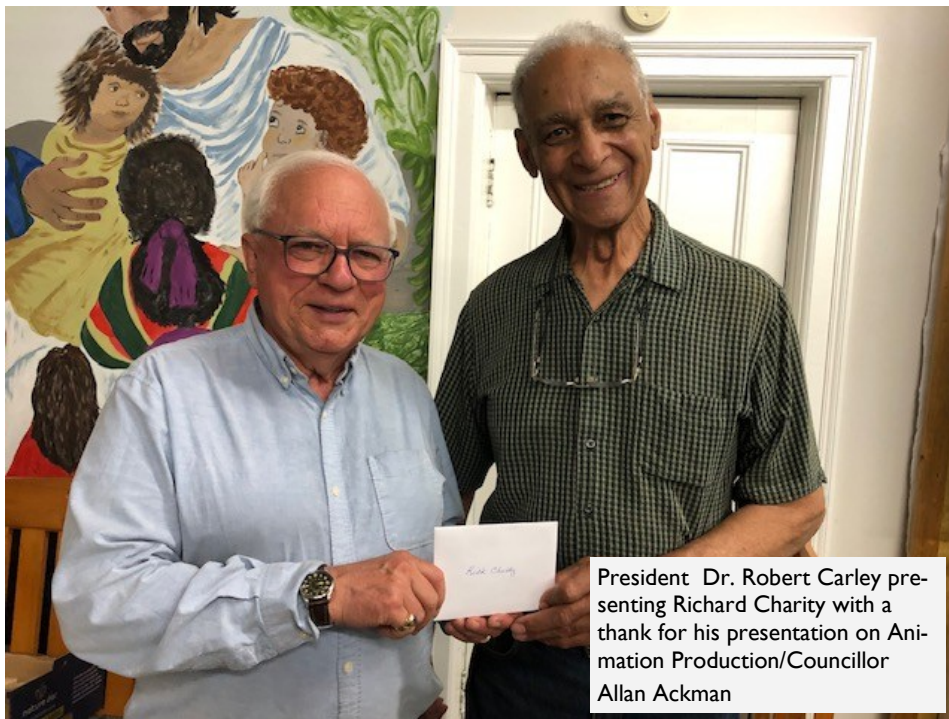
**We are on the Web!**  
[www.nasagiweyahistoricalsoceity.com](http://www.nasagiweyahistoricalsoceity.com)

**We are on Social Media!**  
<https://www.facebook.com/nasagiweyahistoricalsoceity>

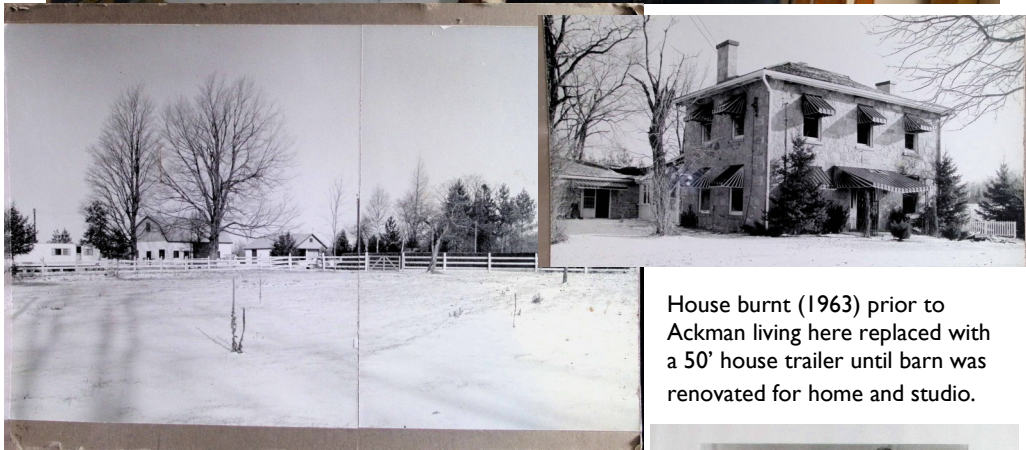
*The township was surveyed by Rueben Sherwood for the bottom half May 1819 and Samuel Ryckman for the top half in the same year.*

*The Township of Nassagaweya, Halton County, Ontario, was incorporated effective January 1, 1850 under the terms of the Baldwin Act, Chapter 81, Canada Statutes, 1849.*

*The original spelling Nasagiweya comes from Survey dated 1843 and prior dates.*



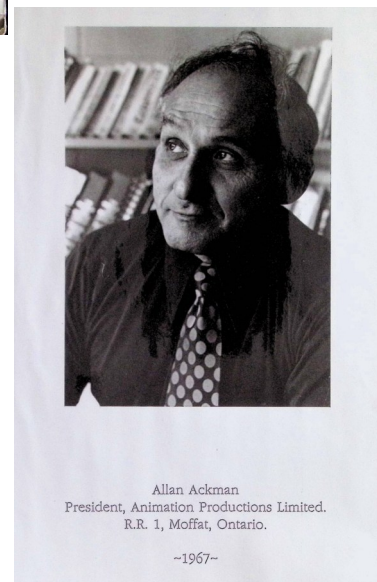
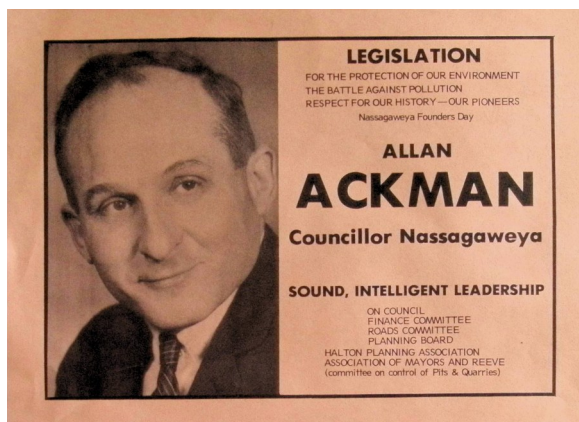
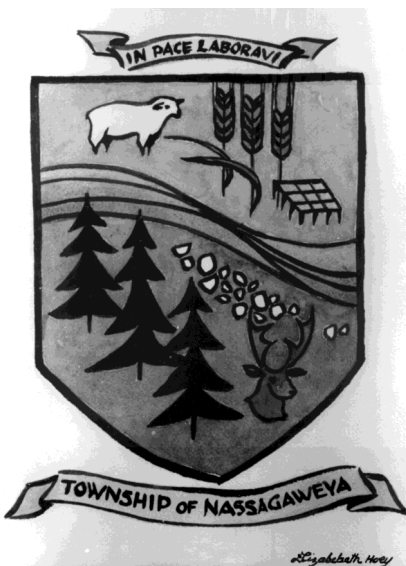
President Dr. Robert Carley presenting Richard Charity with a thank for his presentation on Animation Production/Councillor Allan Ackman



House burnt (1963) prior to Ackman living here replaced with a 50' house trailer until barn was renovated for home and studio.

Allan moved to 100 Acre Farm—Lot 27 Conc 2 West in 1964. Pond stocked with trout and many fruit trees and other vegetation planted. Who was Allan Ackman?

Continued on next page...



Allan Ackman  
 President, Animation Productions Limited.  
 R.R. 1, Moffat, Ontario.

~1967~

► This Nassagaweya Township Crest was created by Elizabeth Hoey and presented to Marion and Art Diamond, two of the original founders of Nasagiweya Historical Society. As you can see it depicts the hills, water, farming, forest, stones and wildlife. I believe it is still hanging in the Community Centre at Brookville



**Campbellville Burying Grounds on a Headstone Hunt**

June 10th 2025 meeting we gathered at Campbellville Burying Grounds for a Headstone Hunt, Coffee and snacks kept us warm as the rain just sprinkled and passed us by so we could continue on the hunt. Was great fun, We were given a hint that was previously obtained from the headstone and/or a random piece of history. Questions and Answers prepared by Kyle Tuersley. Kyle has been helping us out at the archives.

**John Archibald Campbell:**

From Aug 24th to Sept 5th, accidental injury to chest and fracture of thighs, ended up with anomia, medical certificate in 1927.

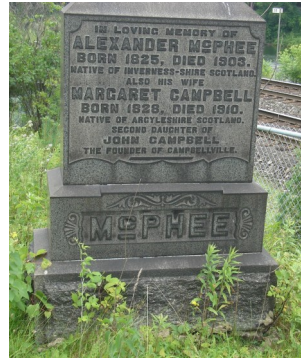
Question: What year was John Archibald Campbell born in?

Answer: 1845.



**Alexander McPhee:**

School Teacher Question: On the Tombstone of Alexander McPhee, who was his wife related to?



**Charles Peter McLaren :**

Private of WWII, He is not laid to rest here, just a memorial for him with family.

Question: Who went missing over the Burma

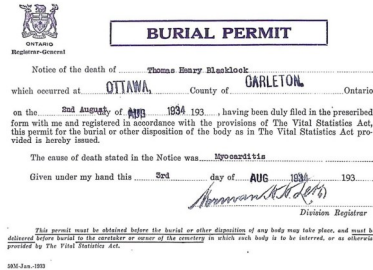
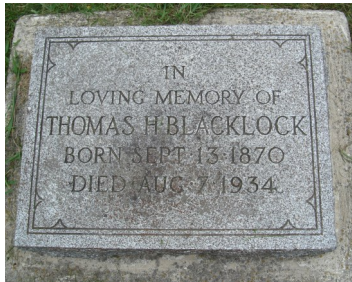
Answer: Charles 'Peter'



**Thomas H. Blacklock:** Journalist, Important Mourner • Son of William. Blacklock, begun career as a school teacher. Left teaching to enter journalism. Owner and publisher of the Weyburn Held in Weyburn, Saskatchewan, became Weyburn Mayor, his only known public office.

Question: Which former Prime minister visited Thomas Henry Blacklocks funeral?

Answer: Sir Robert Borden and former Prime minister RB.Bennett, and Arthur Meighen, former prime minister.



**Colin Campbell:**

Son of J.Campbell founder of village of Campbellville, killed at Desjardin Canal catastrophe in March, 1857.

Question: Who died in the Desjardins Canal Catastrophe and is the son of John Campbell?

Answer: Colin Campbell.



**Mary Reid:**

Served in first world war Italy and France as War Nurse Question: What was Mary A. (Reid) Moore, involved with France and Italy in 1916 to 1919? Answer: World War 1.



**John Campbell:**

Founder of Campbellville, Struck by lightning. Original township of Nassagaweya was surveyed in 1819, John Campbell and his wife Lexy, Alexine Buchanan came to own a 100 acre plot of land Lot 6 Concession 3 Nassagaweya. 1832, his sawmill built from help of 3 road commissioners, David Agnew, John Black, and John Sherwood. Question: Who built the first saw mill In Campbellville? Answer: John Campbell. Question: Who was the founder of Campbellville? (Hint: Other gravestones will give the answer) Answer: John Campbell.

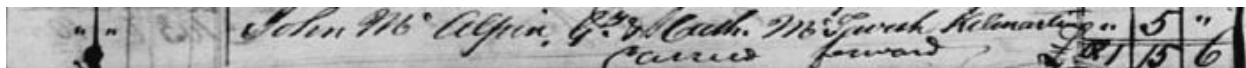


# Untangling the McTavish, McNair and McAlpine branches of my tree in Nassagaweya Township

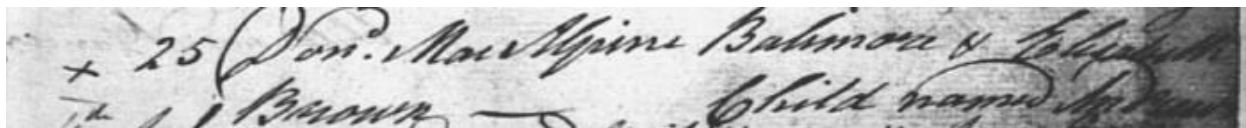
Heather McTavish Taylor

It is often difficult to navigate a family tree with ease. Between lost records, naming patterns and movement to new locations, it can be a challenge to decipher each of the lines. It can become an even more difficult task when families inter-marry, sometimes even cousins married each other. I have found this to be both frustrating and rewarding as I try to untangle the various branches of my tree. One of these tricky research challenges was found close to

home – in Halton County. As I have mentioned before, a few members of my McTavish family emigrated to Nassagaweya Township in Halton County in 1830. One of these was Catherine McTavish (1807-1861) who had been married to John McAlpine (1801-1889) in the Glassary parish of Argyll on the 26th of December 1829, in the year prior to leaving for Canada.



Old Parish Register Marriages – Glassary parish, Argyll – 1829



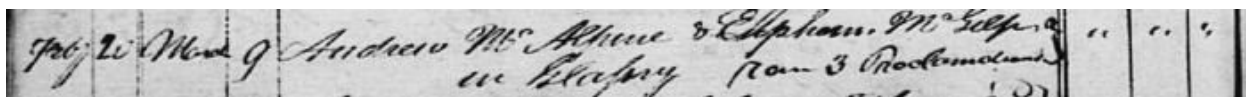
Old Parish Registers Baptisms – Glassary Parish, Argyll, Scotland

Catherine has been proven through DNA to have been a sister to my 3x great grandfather Duncan McTavish (1794-1878) as well as to Archibald, Dugald and Margaret McTavish Gillies (mother of John Gillies (1807-1863), who was married to Isabella Mary McPhail, also an emigrant to Nassagaweya. Another story of family ties for another day). After having researched many of my Highland Scots ancestors, I have learned that most did not come to a new land alone. There was simply too much work to be done, and in very primitive areas with limited resources. So, they tended to move in groups of family and friends and as a collective, could support each other through the tough early days. Often too, these groups were encouraged to join other family members who would have emigrated earlier. I can only surmise that my McTavish's, were encouraged by others to join them in Nassagaweya. I do know that Dugald McNair was one such provocuer, and perhaps, Andrew McAlpine was

another.

Research has shown that Andrew McAlpine was the brother of John McAlpine. In the Early History of Nassagaweya, Joshua Norrish wrote “Andrew McAlpine came from Ballamore, Argyleshire, Scotland, in 1828, and settled on the west-half of lot 22, in the 6th concession. In 1831 his father Donald McAlpine, and two brothers, John and Alexander, and two sisters came, and a few days after coming Andrew took sick with a sort of typhoid or ship fever...the man died leaving a wife and three sons.”

Records at Scotland's People show that Andrew was baptized on 5 Jun 1803 in Ballimore, Argyll to parents Donald McAlpine and Elisabeth Brown. He would marry Eupheme McGilp on 9 Mar 1824 in Glassary, Argyll, Scotland. The couple would baptize two children (Donald in 1825 and Mary in 1826) there before departing for Canada.



Old Parish Register Marriages – Glassary parish, Argyll – 1824

Joshua Norrish also mentions that John McAlpine took up the west-half of lot 28 in the 4th concession. He and his wife Catherine would have seven children before Catherine would pass away in 1861. The family is buried in the Ebenezer Church yard in Nassagaweya, not far from the family farm. John would serve as an elder in the Church for many years.

Upon Andrew's death, his widow Effy would marry Angus McKenzie. Angus was reputed to have been involved with William Lyon McKenzie and the rebellion in 1837. He may have fled the country as a result of his actions. Other than a record of their marriage, I cannot find him again. Euphemia died in Marlette, Michigan in 1875 – at that time, she was a widow.

Nov 26<sup>th</sup> By publication & Angus McKen  
 & Euphemia McKillop both of Nassagaweya  
 were married to each other at Angus Duncan  
 At Peterborough, Ontario & McKenzie J. McKillop

Registers of Marriage performed by the Reverend James Black - 1834

55	Oct 28 1875	Euphemia McKenzie	Dom. white. Widow - 61	Marlett	Calcey	Scotland	Housewife	John McKillop Mary McKillop	Scotland	May 27 1876
----	-------------	-------------------	------------------------	---------	--------	----------	-----------	--------------------------------	----------	-------------

Deaths - State of Michigan - 1875

It is with the next generation that we start to see how tangled the branches can become...

Two sons of Andrew and Effy McAlpine would marry two McTavish daughters; one daughter of Effy and Angus McKenzie would marry a McTavish, and a McTavish daughter would marry a McNair son which looks to be a marriage between first cousins but is not!

John McAlpine (1828-1893), a son of Andrew and Effy, would marry Ann McTavish (1825-1900), a daughter of John McTavish and Mary Darling of Esquesing Township. I do not know how this McTavish line may or may not tie into the others but certainly, several McTavish families in the same area, at the same time, is likely more than coincidence. John and Ann would marry sometime around 1850, they would have four children before moving the family down to Marlette, Michigan. The family is found there

in the 1860 and 1870 census. Between 1860 and 1870, they would have four more children. In the 1880 census, the family has moved further South, presumably for new land opportunities and can be found in Jewell, Kansas.

His brother, Andrew McAlpine (1831-1889) would marry Catherine McTavish (1837-1906) in November 1855. She was the daughter of Archibald McTavish (1783-1863) and Catherine McNair (1791-?); Catherine McNair being the sister of Dugald McNair, one of the early settlers of Nassagaweya. Andrew and Catherine also moved to Michigan, settling in Lapeer about 1858. They are found in the 1860 census, with their first two children and then in the 1870, 1880 and 1900 census' around the same areas of Lapeer and Sanilac Michigan. They would have six children and many are buried together at the Siple Cemetery in Tuscola County, Michigan.

<https://www.findagrave.com/memorial/47974465>

Catherine McTavish's brother, Angus (1832-1888) married Mary Jane McKenzie (1835-1912), the eldest daughter of Angus McKenzie and Effy McGilp McAlpine, the half-sister of Andrew and John McAlpine. They married one day before Andrew and Catherine in November 1855. They too would move into the US, residing in Sanilac, Michigan and raising nine children together.

Interesting on this census too, Angus' brother William McTavish is listed as a single man, and living with the family. Mary Jane McKenzie McTavish died in Saginaw, Michigan in 1912 and on her death registration, we see her parents named.

James DONALDSON  
 Angus McTAVISH, to Mary Jane McKENZIE, both of Nassagaweya. 14 Nov. 1855. Rev. YOUNG  
 Andrew McALPINE, to Catherine McTAVISH, both of Nassagaweya. 15 Nov. 1855. Rev. YOUNG

Ontario Marriage Registers - Reverend Young

Continued.....

**STATE OF MICHIGAN**  
Department of State--Division of Vital Statistics

**CERTIFICATE OF DEATH** **FEB 6 1912** Registered No. **16**

**PLACE OF DEATH**  
County Saginaw  
Township or Village or City Saginaw (No. 233 Dwight St.; 1 Ward; [If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]

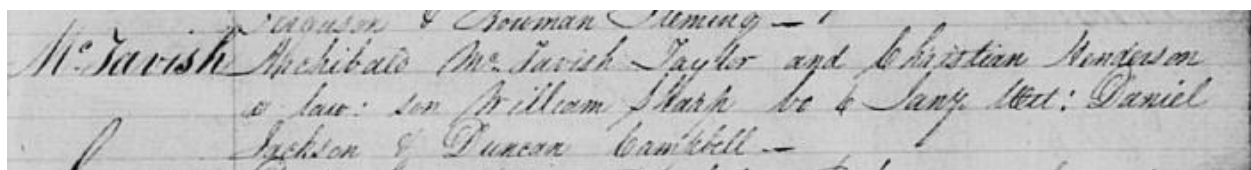
**FULL NAME** Mary Jane M. Tavish

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS			MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH	
SEX <u>M</u>	COLOR OR RACE <u>W</u>	SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED (Write the word) <u>Widow</u>	DATE OF DEATH <u>January 7, 1912</u> (Month) (Day) (Year)	
DATE OF BIRTH <u>Oct 22, 1835</u> (Month) (Day) (Year)			I HEREBY CERTIFY, That I attended deceased from <u>Nov. 16, 1911</u> , to <u>Jan 6, 1912</u>	
AGE <u>76</u> yrs. <u>2</u> mos. <u>15</u> ds. If LESS than 1 day, hrs. or min.?			that I last saw her alive on <u>Jan. 6, 1912</u> , and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at <u>2 P. M.</u>	
OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession or particular kind of work <u>none</u> (b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)			The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows: <u>HO</u> <u>Gastric carcinoma</u>	
BIRTHPLACE (State or country) <u>Canada</u>			Contributory (SECONDARY) _____ (Duration) _____ yrs. _____ mos. _____ ds.	
PARENTS	NAME OF FATHER <u>August M. Kenge</u>		(Signed) <u>John J. Sub. Enard</u> M. D. (Address) <u>514 Patton St Saginaw</u>	
	BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (State or country) <u>Scotland</u>		* State the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, or its death from VENUE, state (1) MEANS OF INJURY; and (2) whether ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL.	
	MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER <u>Euphemia M. Killop</u>		LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRAMENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS) At place of death _____ yrs. _____ mos. _____ ds. In the State _____ yrs. _____ mos. _____ ds. Where was disease contracted, if not at place of death? Former or usual residence _____	
BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (State or country) <u>Scotland</u>			PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL <u>Marlette Mich</u> DATE OF BURIAL <u>Jan 10, 1912</u>	
THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE (Informant) <u>Fred Franke</u> (Address) <u>Saginaw Mich</u>			TAKEN BY <u>B. B. Berthoff</u> ADDRESS <u>Saginaw</u>	
FILED <u>Jan. 8, 1912</u> REGISTRAR				

Deaths - State of Michigan - 1912

Angus' brother William, who is listed in the 1880 census as single and a carpenter, was born in Scotland. His full name was William Sharp McTavish and some additional sleuthing was required to find him. I found a death for him in Marlette, Michigan dated January 20th, 1904. It lists his birthdate as January 12th, 1814 in Scotland and his parents are listed as Archibald McTavish and Mary Henderson. On the 1860 census, he claims to be 30 years old and on the 1880 census, his birth

year is noted at 1825. So, there was a range to check at Scotland's People. I found a baptism for William Sharp McTavish on the 6th of January 1824 in Glasgow to parents Archibald McTavish, a "taylor" and Christian Henderson. All clues point to this being the right one, just a mistake in the registration of his death, overstating his age by 10 years. The informant was his sister-in-law Mary Jane.



Old Parish Registers - Baptism of William Sharp McTavish in Glasgow, Lanarkshire in 1824

Continued .....

STATE OF MICHIGAN  
Department of State—Division of Vital Statistics

569

CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

PLAGE OF DEATH  
County of *Sauvage*  
Township of *Marlette*  
Village of  
City of

Registered No. 1  
Ward: (If death occurred in a Hospital or Institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.)

FULL NAME *William Sharp McTavish*

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

SEX *Male* COLOR *White*

SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED *Single*

AGE AT MARRIAGE, NUMBER OF CHILDREN (If married, age at (first) marriage — years; Parents of — children, of whom — are living.)

DATE OF BIRTH *Jan 12 1814*

AGE *90 years, — months, 8 days*

OCCUPATION *Carpenter*

BIRTHPLACE *Scotland*

NAME OF FATHER *Archibald McTavish*

BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER *Scotland*

MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER *Mary Henderson*

BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER *Scotland*

THE ABOVE STATED PERSONAL PARTICULARS ARE TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF

(Informant) *Mary Jane McTavish*  
Address: *Marlette*

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

DATE OF DEATH *Jan 20 1904*

I HEREBY CERTIFY, That I attended deceased from *Dec 10 1903* to *Jan 20 1904*, that I last saw him alive on *Jan 10 1904*, and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at *2:00 P. M.* The CAUSE OF DEATH was as follows:  
*Natural failing - age 154*

Contributory *None*

(Signed) *Geo Simonton M.D.*  
190 (Address) *Marlette Mich*

SPECIAL INFORMATION only for Hospitals, Institutions, Transients or Resort Establishments:  
Former or usual residence: \_\_\_\_\_ How long at place of death? \_\_\_\_\_ days

Where was disease contracted, if not at place of death? \_\_\_\_\_

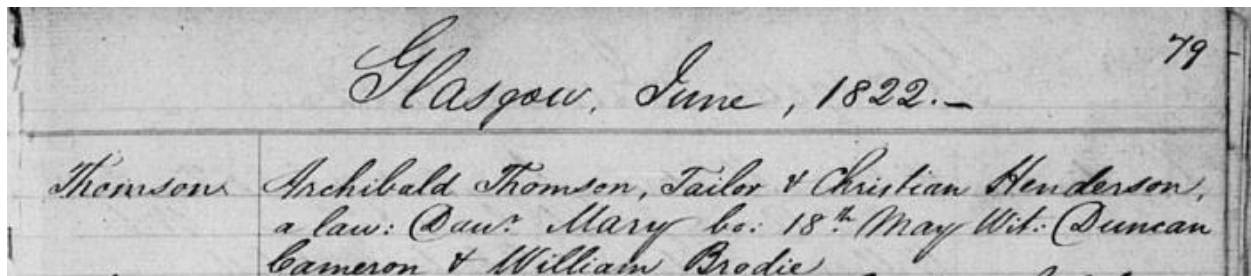
PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL *Curtis Cemetery, Marlette* DATE OF BURIAL *Jan 22 1904*

UNDERTAKER *L. R. Brodie* ADDRESS *Marlette*

Filed \_\_\_\_\_ 190 \_\_\_\_\_ Registrar

Deaths – State of Michigan – 1904

William's information links him to his father Archibald McTavish, whom we know was a tailor and who had married Catherine McNair in Kilmartin, Scotland in 1827. So, William's mother Mary or Christian Henderson must have died at some point between 1824 and 1827 and Archibald must have travelled back to Argyll during that same time. I could find no marriage for Archibald McTavish or Thomson to any Henderson or McKendrick (gaelic version). I did however, find a baptism for Mary Thomson, born to Archibald Thomson, a taylor) and Christian Henderson, in Glasgow on May 18th 1822.



Old Parish Register Baptisms – Glasgow, Lanark – 1824

Mary (1822-1887) would emigrate with the family in 1830 and settle in Nassagaweya. She is listed as a family member on both the Canada Steamboat lists and the 1842 census for Nassagaweya. She married Hugh McNair ((1822-1890) sometime in the mid 1840's, no marriage record has been found but their first child was born in 1847. The family lived in Erin Township in 1861 and removed to Kincardine before 1871 where they lived out their days. Hugh was the son of Dugald McNair (1793-1871) and Catharine "Kitty" Black (1788-1865) who emigrated

from Kilmartin in 1819, settling first in Elgin County before moving to Nassagaweya in about 1825. Dugald was the brother of Catherine McNair McTavish, and Kitty was the daughter of John Black and Janet Campbell, also early settlers in both Elgin County and Nassagaweya Township. While it seems that Hugh McNair and Mary McTavish were cousins, they were actually not blood related as her mother was Archibald McTavish's first wife, Christian Henderson.

And to bring it full circle and to lock in the family ties, Hugh and Mary McNair's son James (1860-1940) would marry his first half cousin Mary McTavish (1874-1938), the daughter of Archibald McTavish Jr. (1828-1908) and his wife Mary McMillan. Archibald Jr. and Mary McTavish were half siblings, sharing father Archibald McTavish Sr..

Continued....



REGISTRATION NUMBER	INSTRUMENT	DATE OF INSTRUMENT	REGISTRATION DATE	GRANTOR	GRANTEE	CONSIDERATION ETC.	LAND AND REMARKS
	Patent	01 Jul 1825		Crown	Thomas Bull		100 ac. E'ly 1/2
	Patent	01 Nov 1838		Crown	George Calvert		100 ac. W 1/2
472 L	B & Sale	22 Nov 1838	24 Nov 1838	George Calvert & wife	Archibald McKenzie		100 ac. W 1/2
766 L	B & Sale	25 Jan 1837	31 May 1839	Thomas Bull & wife	George Calvert		100 ac. E'ly 1/2
53 N	B & Sale	02 Jun 1841	04 Jun 1841	Archibald McKenzie	Alexander McKenzie		100 ac. W 1/2
190 N	B & Sale	03 Sep 1841	01 Oct 1841	George Calvert	John Gillies		100 ac. E'ly 1/2
863 N	B & Sale	01 Apl 1842	02 May 1843	John Gillies	Mary Calvert		100 ac. E'ly 1/2
296 B	B & Sale	10 Dec 1858	14 Dec 1858	Mary Calvert & husband	John McLean		100 ac. E 1/2
297 B	Quit	11 Dec 1858	14 Dec 1858	John Gillies & wife	John McLean		100 ac. E 1/2
	Claim						
535 B	Power of Att'y	31 Dec 1860	13 Mch 1861	Phoebe A. Cox & husband	Andrew McRobie, Adam Laing & John A. Davidson		100 ac. E 1/2
642 B	B & Sale	19 Mch 1862	20 Mch 1862	John McLean & wife	Duncan Morrison		100 ac. E 1/2
665 B	AM	21 Mch 1862	18 Jun 1862	George Calvert	William Randall		100 ac. E 1/2
666 B	AM	21 Mch 1862	18 Jun 1862	William Randall	John Corbue		100 ac. E 1/2
667 B	AM	21 Mch 1862	18 Jun 1862	George Calvert	William Randall		100 ac. E 1/2
668 B	AM	21 Mch 1862	18 Jun 1862	William Randall	John Corbue		100 ac. E 1/2
840 B	AM	05 Nov 1863	20 Nov 1863	John Corbue	Calvin McQuesten		100 ac. E 1/2
847 B	AM	05 Nov 1863	11 Dec 1863	John Corbue	Gilbert T. Bastedo		100 ac. E 1/2
885 B	AM	29 Feb 1864	12 Mar 1864	John Corbue	Henry H. Swinford		100 ac. E 1/2
951 C	AM	05 Jul 1865	30 Oct 1865	Gilbert T. Bastedo	Thomas Atkinson		100 ac. E 1/2
2076 H	Authority to sell	03 Jan 1883	28 Apl 1883	Duncan Morrison	W.J. Fenton & Co.	\$15,000.	200 ac. lot 19 & 20 dis'd 2456 I

George Calvert appears on the 1853 Collectors Roll of Nassagaweya Township. He also appears in the Index and on 1858 Tremaine Map of Halton. It appears he also owned Lots 18 and 19. Archibald Black is the owner assigned to Lot 20 Conc 1 on this Index.

1853 COLLECTORS ROLL

CONCESSION 1

ABLESON, Joseph	HINTON, Anthony	MITCHELL, John
ANDERSON, David	HOPKINSON, Thos.	MOFFATT, John
ARGO, Adam	INGLES, James	MORRISON, Duncan
ARMSTRONG, Wm.	KENYARD, John	MURRY, George
BLACK, Archibald	KITCHEN, John	MURRY, Walter
BRADFORD, Chas.	LAING, Wm.	MURRY, Wm.
CALVERT, Edward	LANGDALE, Joseph	PEACOCK, John
CALVERT, George	(?) LINN, Hugh	PETERSON, John
CAMPBELL, Peter	LITTLE, Andrew	PURDY, John
CARGILL, Wm.	LONG, Joshua	RAMAGE, Stephen
COTTRILL, John	LUMBY, Edward	RYAN, Thomas
CUSIC, Wm.	MACKLEM, John	RYAN, John
DONAVON, John	MARSHALL, James	SAMONDS, Isaac
DUTTON, Wm.	McKILER, Wm.	SINEFON, James
ELLIOT, Thos.	McDONALD, Peter	SHIPL, John
FISK, Robert	McGUFFIN, W.	WATSON, Henry
GASTLE, Joseph	McKENZIE, Alex.	WATT, David
GOLOWAY, Thos.	McROBIE, Alex.	WIER, James
HENDERSON, John	MITCHELL, Hugh	WINGROVE, James

INDEX TO 1858 TREMAINE MAP NASSAGAWEYA TWP.

Adamson, Jno.	11	20	Boles, Jos.	11	25
Agnew, Geo.	11	21	Bolter, D&W	11	26
Agnew, Jas.	1V	22	Burrows, Henry	11	31
Alkens, Thos.	V1	15	Burton, John	11	8
Alexander, Adam	V1	22	Cairns, Ric'd	11	4
Allison, Geo.	11	15	Calvert, Geo.	1	19
Allison, Jas.	V	30	Calvert, Mary	1	18
Allison, John	11	14	Cameron, John	1	8
Allison, Jos.	1	15	Campbell, Arch'd	11	21
Allison, R.	1	13	Campbell, Dun'n	V1	26
Anderson, A.	1V	13	Campbell, Hugh	V1	7
Anderson, David	1V	24	Campbell, Colin	11	6
Anderson, John	1	30	Campbell, Arch'd	V1	23
	V	23	Campbell, Malc'm	V1	23
	V	24	Campbell, Peter	1	25
	V	29	Canada Co.	1V	9
	V	31	Care, John	1V	13
Anderson, Jos.	V11	6	Cargill, David	1V	12
Anderson, Wm.	11	12	Cargill, Jas.	11	13
Argo, Adam	11	12	Cargill, Jas. Sr.	1	11
	1V	3	Carraighan, Geo.	V1	20
	1V	6	Carradice, David	V1	9
Armstrong, Wm.	1	29	Christie, Marg't	V	4
Atkinson, Geo.	1V	21	Claffe, Thos.	V11	29
Atkinson, John	11	25	Clark, Francis	V	21
Atkinson, Quinton	11	26	Colert, John	1	16
	11	28	Colquhoun, John	1V	27
Barbaree, Lambert	11	18	Coltes, John	11	30
	11	19	Coutts, Rev. D.	V11	4
Barber, Geo.	11	16	Cripps, Jos.	V1	32
Bardwell, J.	1	32	Cripps, Michael	V1	32
Barnard, Geo.	1	31	Cullodon, L.P.	V	27
Bell, Alex.	V	14	Curry, Bary	1V	11
	V1	14	Curry, Geo.	1V	11
	V1	15	Currie, Rob't	11	8
Bell, John	V1	20	Cusick, Wm.	1	15
Bell, Thos.	V	15	Daniels, R.	1V	31
	V1	15	Daniels, Ralph	1V	29
	V11	19	Barby, Rob't	1V	21
Black, Arch'd	1	20	Dice, Matt'w	11	5
Black, John	1V	2	Dickson, John	V	5
	1V	3	Donovan, John	1	14

JOHN GILLES  
It appears that John Gilles lived on Lot 20 Conc 2 (across the road) and that George sold the property to him and then he in turn sold it to Mary Calvert. During this time, it appears that there was a storage barn but no house on the property of Lot 20 Conc 2, leading to believe that he lived in the house on Lot 20 Conc 1. Timber was being taken off of Lot 20 Conc 2. John took possession of the property in 1858 and died 4 years later passing on to his son Duncan.

Donaldson, A.	1V	1	Hillison, Wm.	V
Donaldson, Sam'l	V	17	Hilton, Ed.	1
Dutton, Wm.	1	12	Hollard, Thos.	1
Eager, W.L.P.	1V	7	Hollard, John	11
Earnest, Wm.	V	20	Hopkinson, Thos.	1
Easterbrook, Geo.	11	21	Humphry, Wm.	1V
Easterbrook, Jas.	11	22	Hunter, Dennis	11
	1V	19	Hunter, Daniel	11
Easterbrook, Jon.	1V	4	Hunter, Jas.	1V
Easterbrook, Thos.	11	18	Hunter, Nancy	11
	1V	19	Hurst, Ed.	1
	V1	17	Hurst, J.	11
Easton, G.	V	30	Husband, John	1V
Easton, Geo.	V	31	Hutcheon, John	11
Easton, John	1V	32		
Easton, Thos.	V	27		
	V	31		
Elliott, Thos.	1	5	Hutcheon, Rbt.	V
Elliott, Wm.	V	7	Hutcheon, Wm.	11
	V1	2	Ingle(s), John	1V
	V11	2	Ingle(s), Wm.	1V
Fish, R, J.	1	27	Inglis, Jas.	1
Fletcher, Jeremiah	11	21	Job, W.	V11
	11	20	Job, Wm.	1V
	1V	20	Johnson, Benj.	11
Fraser, Hugh	11	5	Johnson, Geo.	11
Ferguson, Chas. (Heirs of)	11	8	Joice, Wm.	V11
Gage, And'w	1	2	Kearn, Ed.	V
	1	7	Kein, Benj.	11
Gillies, John	11	16	Kein, Jos.	11
	11	20	Kenneda, Geo.	1V
Ghent, David	11	3	Kerr, John	V11
Gordon, Jas.	11	3	Kerr, Wm.	1V
	11	10	Kirkland, Jos.	11
	1V	8	Kitchen, John	1
Gordon, Sam'l	11	3	Kitchoing, John	1
Gould, John	11	4	Knowle, W.	V1
Graham, Mrs.	1V	9	Laing, A.	11
Green, Wm.	11	31	Laing, Rbt.	11
Gunn, John	11	13	Lamb, Gideon	1
Halcrow, Thos.	V	19	Lamb, John	V11
Harrison, Johnson	V11	11	Lamb, Rbt.	1
Hay, Thos. (Heirs)	V11	4	Lang, Walter	V
Henderson, John	1	24	Langdale, Jos.	1
Higgins, John	11	2	Lawson, Jas.	V1
	11	3	Little, Andrew	1
	11	3	Locker, John	11

Anecdote - Information from Nora McLean:

Association between ancestors comes from one of the wives Mary nee McCarter/McCarty (1786-1831) who was a grand daughter of Robert Land (1738-1818) the famous Loyalist and his wife Phoebe Scott 1733-1826 Lineage.

If there were four wives, Mary McCarter widow of Daniel Black was George Calvert's third wife. There has always been some confusion with Calvert/Black names, it is believed that one of Mary McCarter Black's daughters MARY BLACK may have married one of George Calvert's sons. There are two distinct headstones one for Mary McCarter Black third wife of George Calvert and one for Mary Black who may have been married to a son of George Calvert. Mary McCarter Black Calvert is a 4x great grandmother to McLean daughters.

MARY CULVERT (CALVERT)  
(see attachments)

JOHN McLEAN

John McLean lived here with his wife Rhoda and children at least around 1861. John was born in Scotland in 1815. Rhoda was born in New Brunswick in 1824. John and Rhoda also lived at Puslinch in Wellington County for a time before they left for Manitoba. Seven of their nine children were born in Puslinch between 1847 and 1857.

#### MCLEAN, JOHN "SUGAR JOHNNY"

A Pioneer Farmer

The Late John McLean of the Portage

A dispatch in yesterday's *Daily Mercury* dated Portage La Prairie, August 12<sup>th</sup> 1902, announces the death of John McLean, the first white settler of the Portage. He left Puslinch over forty years ago, where he owned 200 acres on lot 20, the 9<sup>th</sup> and 10<sup>th</sup> concession. He afterwards purchased the Calvert property in Nassagaweya. This he sold to the late Duncan Morrison, whose widow resides in the city and left for the Portage, taking up land some ten miles west of it, at what is now known as Burnside Station. It was he who induced Kenneth McKenzie, now known there as the "King", also a well known Puslinch man, to go out. He was a practical and prosperous farmer, both in this section and in the northwest. He came from Perthshire, Scotland to Puslinch some seventy years ago. Consequently, he was among its early settlers and will be remembered by the very few remaining ones. In Puslinch, he was called "Sugar Johnny" on account of owning a large sugar bush. He was a man of great energy and pluck. He drove his stock and household belongings from St. Paul through to Burnside, the route being infested with Indians, with some of whom, he had considerable trouble at the outset. He was a staunch Liberal and a sound Presbyterian of the old school. One of his peculiarities was that he never wore a hat summer or winter. When he went to church or meetings, he invariably wore a fur cap.

#### MORRISON, DUNCAN

Death of An Old Resident

Of Nassagaweya. For a number of years, he had been suffering from some affection of the heart but it was not until last summer that the more serious symptoms of his trouble became manifest. At that time, Mr. Morrison and his wife left for a trip up north. At Owen Sound he was taken very ill and after remaining so for some time, recovered sufficiently to proceed to Southhampton, where he was seized with another attack. He was taken home as soon as he could bear removal and ever since, it has been quite apparent that he was failing fast. On Tuesday afternoon, April 21, 1885, his suffering terminated, at the age of 68 years. Mr. Morrison came from the Highlands of Scotland many years ago and settled on the 10<sup>th</sup> concession of Puslinch. He afterwards purchased the farm where he died, which is as fine a one as may be found anywhere, and removed thither. He was as widely respected as he was known, on account of many excellent qualities which he possessed. He leaves a widow and one daughter, who is married to Mr. Holmes, who now occupies the homestead. Donald McCaig of Eramosa is a brother-in-law and A. J. Little, a merchant there, is a nephew.



- Hugh **Evelegh**
- Daniel **Jones**
- Burdge G. **Butts**
- Robert **Marshall**
- Donald and Jean **McKersie** ...Don was known as a large agricultural farmer and Jean talk piano lessons to children and adults in the Moffat and Puslinch surrounding area.
- Wilson Jacob and Leona Mae **Snyder**...Wilson worked at the Ford plant in Oakville, on the afternoon shift. So he farmed mornings. When he retired from there they milked cows. When they sold the farm, they moved to Ethel and had laying hens.
- John and Hyempfner **Huempfner**
- Nicholas and Louise **Kot**
- Robert Douglas and Mona JT **Stupart**
- Thomas and Jessie **Herdes**

#### MCKERSIE, Donald David

Of Guelph, passed away at Caressant Care, Arthur on Saturday, December 12, 2015, in his 96<sup>th</sup> year. Beloved husband of 49 years to Margaret (nee Mantle). Don was predeceased by his first spouse Jean Rowsell (1966). Loved father of Bryan McKersie (Marie), Robert McKersie (Catherine), Bonnie Keleher (Michael), Dale Moretto (John), Wendy Worden (Michael). Stepfather of James Stewart, William Stewart (Darlene), David Stewart and Michael Stewart (the late Denise). Loving grandfather of many grandchildren and great-grandchildren. Predeceased by a brother Bruce McKersie (Marion) and a sister Doris Barber (Earl). A private family service was held at the **WALL-CUSTANCE FUNERAL HOME & CHAPEL**, 206 Norfolk St., Guelph.

NASSAGAWEYA PRESBYTERIAN  
CHURCH CEMETERY



The timber in this part of the township was mostly pine up to the middle of the township and in some parts a little above that. In some places there was a scattering of hardwood among the pine and some very good red and white oak. In these places the pine grew very large, I knew of one tree that grew on Lot 20, in the 1st Concession, that measured two feet in diameter, ninety-five feet from the ground. This part of the township was very hard to clear up, as after they had got the timber off the pine stumps were/a great obstruction, and the timber itself of very little value in the early days of settlement. But the stump and stone machines have worked wonders here, but a stranger visiting here could form but very faint idea of the labour and expense of constructing those stump and stone fences. The hardwood consists of maple, beech, and some elm and basswood, there was also some hemlock in places, but a great part of it was destroyed before it became of any value;

David Cargil and Benjamin Kean appear on the assessment roll for 1830 for the first time. Cargil had one acre cleared and Kean had two.

Edward and George Calvert about the same time on Lots 19 and 20, in the 1st Concession. George Calvert sold many years ago to John McLean, he to Duncan Morrison, Morrison's executor's to Hugh Eveleigh, who still owns it.

Edward Calvert's son still owns part of his father's

Lot No 20 in the 1st concession				Township of Nassagaweya			
No.	INSTRUMENT	DATED	REGISTERED	FROM	TO	ACRES	DESCRIPTION, &c.
	Patent	1 July 1825		Crown	Thomas Bull	100	6 1/2
1122	B & Sale	1 Nov 1838	22 Nov 1838	George Calvert wife	George Calvert	100	10 1/2
144	"	25 Aug 1839	31 Aug 1839	Thomas Bull wife	Archibald McNeill	100	"
234	"	3 Aug 1841	10 Aug 1841	Archibald McNeill	George Calvert	100	6 1/2
140	"	3 Sept 1841	1 Oct 1841	George Calvert	Thomas Gillies	100	6 1/2
185	"	1 Sept 1842	2 Aug 1842	John Gillies	George Calvert	100	"
296	"	10 Sept 1843	14 Dec 1843	George Calvert husband	John McLean	100	"
294	Quit Claim	11 Dec 1843	14 Dec 1843	John Gillies wife	George Calvert	100	"
298	Quit Claim	11 Dec 1843	14 Dec 1843	John McLean wife	George Calvert	100	"
299	"	11 Dec 1843	14 Dec 1843	"	George Calvert	100	"
300	"	11 Dec 1843	14 Dec 1843	John McLean	George Calvert	100	"
335	Quit Claim	31 Dec 1843	13 Nov 1843	John McLean	George Calvert	100	"
336	B & Sale	19 Nov 1843	20 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
337	Quit Claim	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
338	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
339	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
340	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
341	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
342	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
343	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
344	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
345	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
346	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
347	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
348	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
349	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
350	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
351	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
352	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
353	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
354	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
355	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
356	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
357	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
358	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
359	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
360	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
361	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
362	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
363	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
364	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
365	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
366	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
367	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
368	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
369	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
370	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
371	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
372	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
373	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
374	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
375	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
376	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
377	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
378	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
379	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
380	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
381	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
382	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
383	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
384	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
385	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
386	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
387	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
388	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
389	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
390	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
391	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
392	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
393	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
394	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
395	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
396	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
397	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
398	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"
399	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	George Calvert	George Calvert	100	"
400	"	31 Nov 1843	18 Nov 1843	William Randall	George Calvert	100	"

## Nassagaweya pronunciation: Na-ghe-sah-ge-way-yong (meaning a river with two outlets or dividing of the waters)

There are many theories of the naming of Nassagaweya (see the below). However, this mention from the following book, I believe is the most accurate.

*“Shortly after its agreement with the Mississauga, the government of Upper Canada established two new townships on the lakefront. Nelson, named in honor of England’s most famous admiral and Trafalgar, named for his great naval victory over Napoleon in 1805. When they named the two townships immediately north of Trafalgar and Nelson, they retained the Mississaugas’ titles for Twelve mile and Sixteen Mile creeks. However, through ignorance they reversed the names. The township north of Trafalgar, in which Sixteen Mile Creek flowed, received the name Twelve Mile Creek (Ash-qua-sing) Esquesing and the government gave the township north of Nelson through which Twelve Mile Creek ran, the Indian’s designation (Nan-zuh-zau-ge-wa-zog) Nassagaweya for Sixteen Mile Creek . Neither side, Indian or white, understood the other. The names Nelson and Trafalgar were as foreign to the Mississaugas as Esquesing and Nassagaweya were to the settlers. “*

Scared Feathers, The Reverend Peter Jones, and the Mississauga Indians by Donald B Smith

It is known that large numbers of Highlanders settled to the west of Toronto in the adjoining townships of Caledon in Peel county, Esquesing and Nassagaweya, both of Halton and Erin in Wellington county. Islay had been losing people since the 1830’s possibly earlier. Apparently Nassagaweya was populated primarily by Highlanders belonging to the Kirk”

Survey of south portion of Nassagaweya was in 1819.  
Survey of the north portion of Nassagaweya was 1820.

***The Township of Nassagaweya, Halton County, Ontario, was incorporated effective January 1, 1850 under the terms of the Baldwin Act, Chapter 81, Canada Statutes, 1849.***

This act provided for the creation of municipal governments at the town, village and township levels and identified those which would automatically be granted municipal status when the act came into effect, January 1, 1850. Communities not named in the original act could petition the county council or legislative assembly for incorporation on reaching specified population levels.

An incorporated township, lower tier municipality, has a council consisting of an elected Reeve, Deputy Reeves, and councillors the number of which depend on the population of the township. Its responsibilities relate largely to the upkeep of the local road system and the delivery of services such as water and sewage. It has wide powers relating to the regulation of land and local administration through by-laws. It has the power to raise money through direct taxation on land and through the use of debentures.

The Township of Nassagaweya was dissolved and annexed to the Towns of Milton and Eramosa in 1971.

Source Note  
Gazetteer of Ontario, 1962, p. 389.

Information taken from 1851, 30 years after settlement. The Scots made up the majority of the settlement. The Irish were the next followed by those from England and Wales. These 3 groups together make up approximately 85% of the settlers who entered Nassagaweya in the booming years of settlement before 1851.

Towards the end of the 18th century, it has been reported that a cyclone passed through the township in a diagonal West to east direction, knocking down the dense forest in the path. A fairly large part of the early settlement was located in the wake of a storm particularly around Brookville. It seems very probable that the early settlers chose this area because a great amount of labour and clearing was saved. All the large trees were felled by the storm, leaving only a fairly young forest growth to deal with.

# Heritage Plaque Program

## **Purpose:**

The purpose of the NHS historical plaque program is to recognize those built structures that are of a certain age, or are of some particular significance in the history and/or of the development of the Township of Nassagaweya.

## **Goals:**

The introduction of this program is meant to educate the community about historic buildings within the former Nassagaweya Township. To instill a sense of pride and respect in the township and its historic architecture, and to inform the public at large about the historical aspect of residences and structures in the former Nassagaweya Township. To tell the story of our former Township to residents and tourists alike, and to foster an interest and understanding of our community's roots.

## **Who may apply:**

Owners of historic properties in the former Nassagaweya Township may apply for a plaque to adorn their house or other historical structure. Structures need to be old enough to have been a part of the historical development of the former Nassagaweya Township, or to be significant in other ways. Applications will be assessed on these criteria.

## **Costs:**

Plaques are priced at \$140.00 tax included, and provides a one year membership in the historical society for new members. They are to be installed by the property owner, in a location appropriate to their significance (assistance can be provided). These plaques are locally made by a small business.

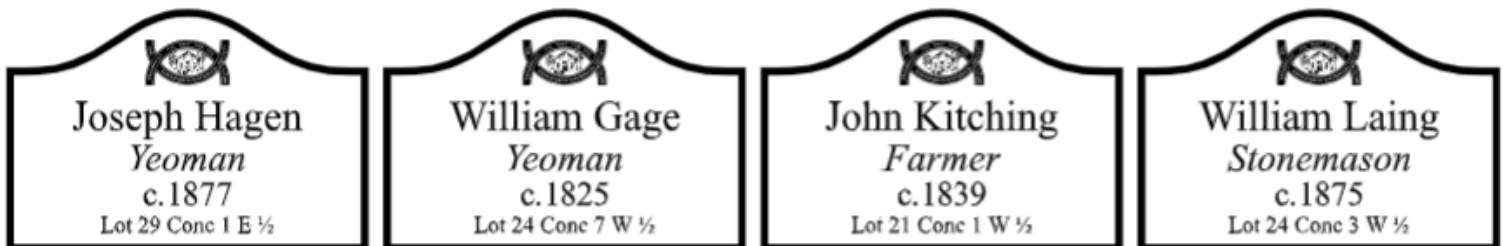
*Please know that participation in the NHS Historical Plaque Program does not involve property heritage designation by the Town of Milton, or any other municipality in Halton County under the Ontario Heritage Act. These are decorative plaques, and do not bind the property in any way.*

## **Process:**

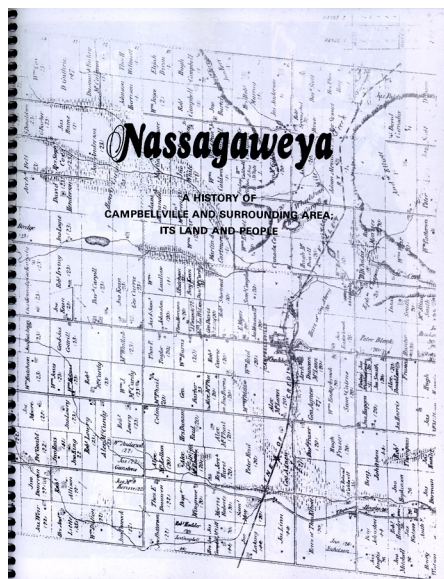
Contact us at [info@nasagiveyahistoricalociety.com](mailto:info@nasagiveyahistoricalociety.com) to find out more about this program and/or if your property is eligible.

If you need assistance uncovering the history of your residence or structure, the Nasagiveya Historical Society is here to assist you.

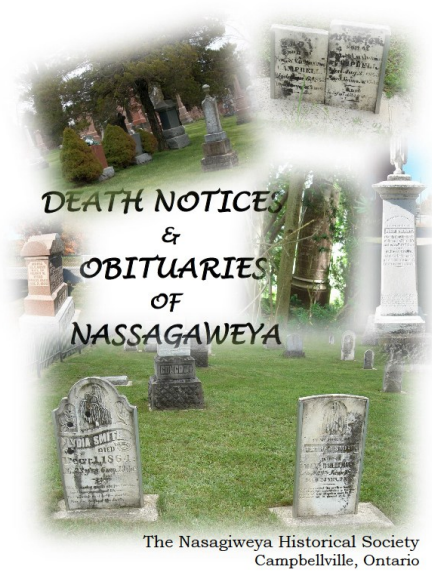
## ***Inquire about Our Plaquing Program***



# Publications for Sale

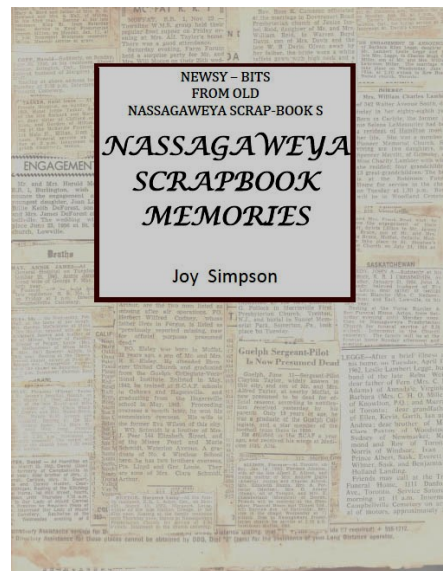


**Nassagaweya, A History of Campbellville and surrounding area** — This is a soft cover reprint of the original 1982 hardcover published by the Campbellville Historical Society editor, June Andrews. It has 336 pages including index and several photos and brief history of families by lots and concessions south of the 15th Sideroad.....\$55

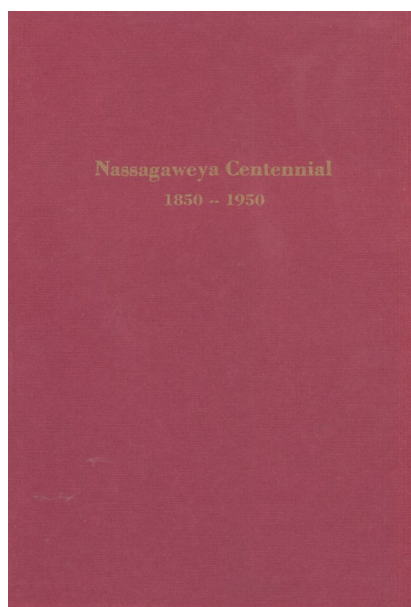


The Nasagiweya Historical Society  
Campbellville, Ontario

**Death Notices & Obituaries of Nassagaweya** — A collection from newspaper clippings of death notices, obituaries, funeral accounts and accident reports which resulted in death, pertaining to people with roots in or near Nassagaweya Township, Halton County. A resource for those who are interested in family and/or genealogy research...\$65

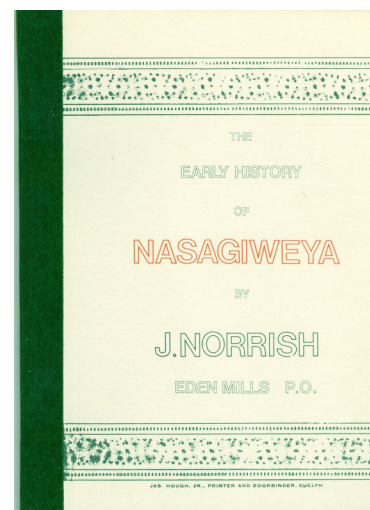


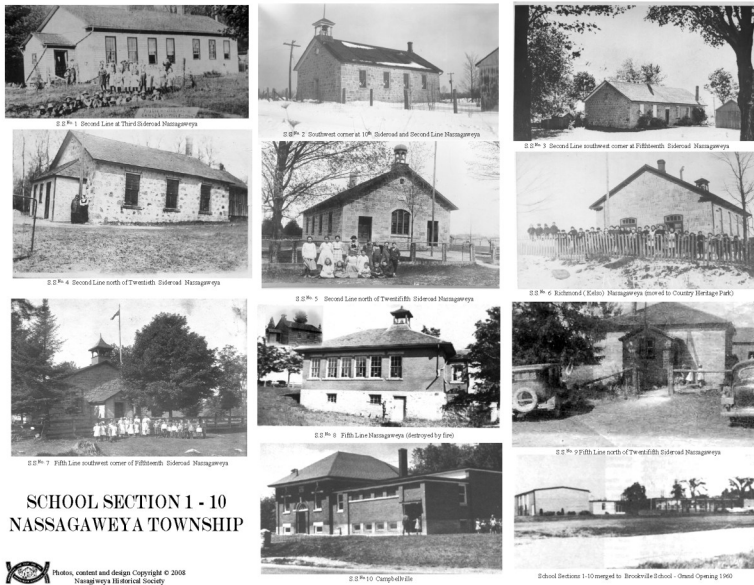
**Scrapbook Memories**—Many of our descendants took precious moments to snip pictures, newspaper and magazine articles. Some had clippings glued into old telephone books, unused school scribblers. Some were used as bookmarks or left in paper bags, shoe boxes or cigar boxes. These snip-its were often engagement notices, wedding ceremonies, birth announcements, death announcements, obituary notices or special outings with friends, happenings from over-seas, and even minutes from meetings. It is from those treasured newsy-bits that the content for this book has been taken. Transcribed and compiled by member, Joy Simpson ... \$25



**Nassagaweya Centennial 1850-1950** This 9" x 6" book has 90 pages and holds Joshua Norrish's Early History of Nasagiweya on 47 of those pages., and then continues with history up to 1949. Photo's and list of councilors and honour roll of those who were enrolled in the Military Service and more .....\$20.

**The Early History of Nasagiweya** - compiled by Joshua Norrish 1889. A reprint of the original publication. This 99 page book measures 6" x 4" and is a detailed description of the history of Nassagaweya Township from prior to the survey stage to the development of homesteads, the earliest settlers, police villages, government and religion..... \$10  
Index \$5.00

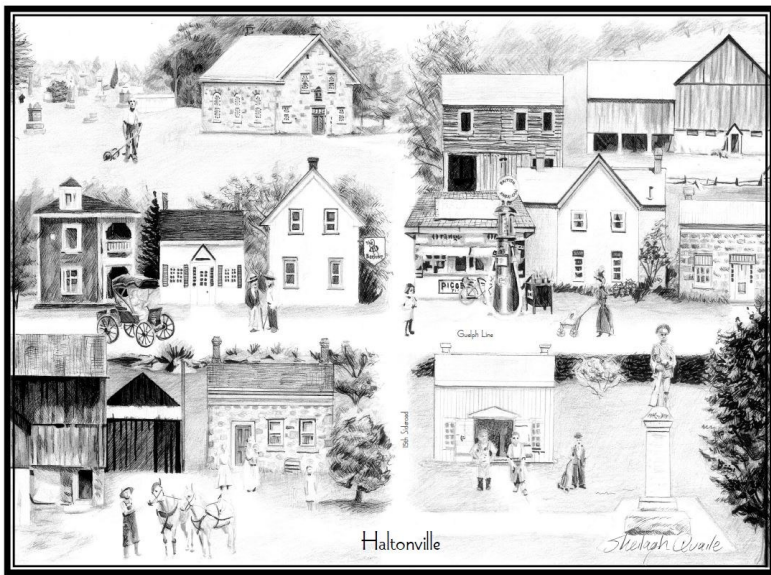




SCHOOL SECTION 1 - 10  
NASSAGAWEYA TOWNSHIP

Photos, content and design Copyright © 2008  
Nassagaweya Historical Society

**School Poster**—11”x17” black and white depicting pictures of S.S.#1—S.S.#10.....\$10

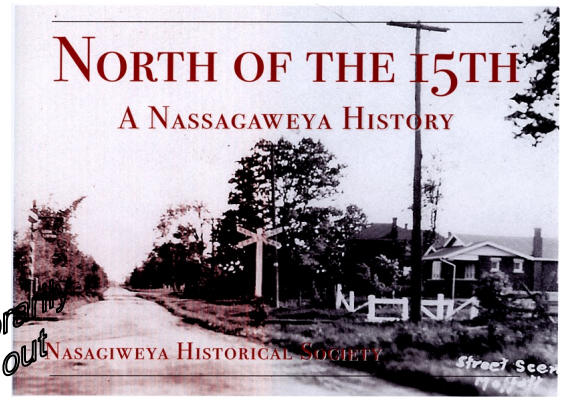


**Haltonville Print**—11” x 17” black and white 150 numbered prints from a sketch created by Sheilagh Quaille ...  
.... \$20



**Moffat History**—written in 2008 by long time residents Don & Catherine McMillan. This book is 8½” x 5½” and contains 42 pages of what Moffat use to be like—contains reference maps and current address numbers, photos of landmarks and hockey and ball teams .....  
\$10

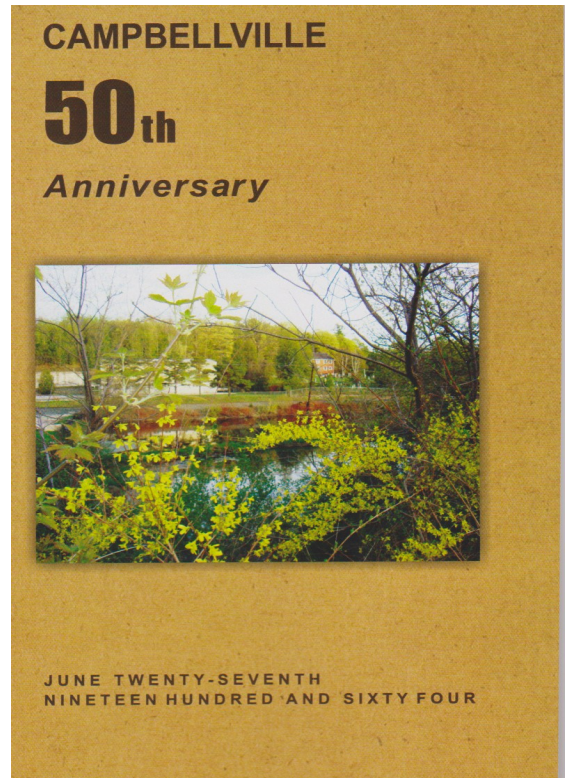
HISTORY



Temporarily  
sold out

**North of the 15th**

8½”x11”-250 pgs. including index. Publication consists of news stories, anecdotes, research, photos, and family histories, accumulated over the past 20 years by members of the Historical Society. With the combined efforts of the current members we have successfully produced Volume I of a series of books (Softcover) .... \$49



**Campbellville 50th Anniversary**— (1914-1964) This publication was reprinted in 2014 in celebration of 100 years of Campbellville being incorporated as a Police Village ..... \$20 £

## **Publications for sale:**

The Early History of Nasagiweya	\$10.00
Index to The Early History of Nasagiweya (out of stock)	5.00
Nassagaweya Centennial 1850-1950	20.00
Campbellville Reprint of 100 Anniversary	20.00
Nassagaweya, Campbellville and surrounding area (reprint of original, soft cover)	55.00
Nassagaweya, Campbellville and surrounding area (original hardcover)	75.00
North of the 15th (out of stock)	49.00
CD North of the 15th (out of stock)	22.50
Scrapbook Memories	25.00
Death Notices and Obits of Nassagaweya includes addendum #1 (additional 100 pages)	60.00
Amendment only	25.00
Haltonville Print (numbered up to 250)	20.00
School Poster	20.00
Footprints (St. John's Anglican church History)	15.00
Village Nine (Campbellville Baseball Team)	40.00
Moffat History	10.00

## **Do you have a Story to Tell?**

If you would like to share your Nassagaweya story, we'd love to hear from you.

Please email information to: [info@nasagiweyahistoricalsociety.com](mailto:info@nasagiweyahistoricalsociety.com) and indicate "Story to Tell" in the subject line.

You are welcome to post on:

Nasagiweya Historical Society Facebook page

<https://www.facebook.com/nasagiweyahistoricalsociety>

or

Nasagiweya Historical Society Group Page

<https://www.facebook.com/groups/632421547146375>

If you know of someone that has a story and requires to be interviewed please let us know in the same way or call Audrey at (519) 837-9288

**Definition of Pioneer**

- : a person who helps create or develop new ideas, methods, etc.
- : someone who is one of the first people to move to and live in a new area
- : to help create or develop (new ideas, methods, etc.)
- : to be a pioneer in the development of (something)

**MEMBERSHIP APPLICATION**

MEMBERSHIP FEE ..... SINGLE/\$25 FAMILY/\$35 NEW  RENEWAL

Name : \_\_\_\_\_

Email : \_\_\_\_\_

Permission given to send events, notices, forwarded matters of interest and newsletters by email.

Address : \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Phone (        )                      Method of Payment    Cheque                       Cash

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

DONATION                      \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Throughout the year we have 7 meetings relating to history of the township and three social evenings. March is usually an Irish Stew Dinner and a BBQ in August and we finish our season with a Potluck dinner in December.

We welcome new members anytime during the year. We are enthusiastic to meet with anyone that has a keen interest in Nassagaweya Township..

**NASAGIWEYA HISTORICAL SOCIETY**  
P.O. Box 106  
Campbellville, ON L0P 1B0  
info@nasagiweyahistoricalsociety.com  
www.nasagiweyahistoricalsociety.com  
[www.facebook.com/nasagiweyahistoricalsociety](http://www.facebook.com/nasagiweyahistoricalsociety)  
*Like us on Facebook and join our Group Page*  
**Archives** located at Nassagaweya Tennis Centre and Community Hall  
9267 Guelph Line (corner of Guelph Line and Campbellville Road north of 401)

